

# Definition

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Let  $X, Y \subseteq \mathbb{R}$  and

$$\tilde{A} = \{(x, \mu_{\tilde{A}}(x)) \mid x \in X\}$$

$$\tilde{B} = \{(y, \mu_{\tilde{B}}(y)) \mid y \in Y\}$$

Then  $\tilde{R} = \{(x, y, \mu_{\tilde{R}}(x, y)) \mid (x, y) \in X \times Y\}$  is a fuzzy relation on  $\tilde{A}$  and  $\tilde{B}$  if

$$\mu_{\tilde{R}}(x, y) \leq \mu_{\tilde{A}}(x), \quad \forall (x, y) \in X \times Y$$

si

$$\mu_{\tilde{R}}(x, y) \leq \mu_{\tilde{B}}(y), \quad \forall (x, y) \in X \times Y$$

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This definition is useful for fuzzy graphs, but we will not study fuzzy graphs in this course.

# Union and intersection of fuzzy relations

Being fuzzy sets, between fuzzy relations defined on the same universes of discourse we can perform union and intersection operations as follows:

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Let  $\tilde{R}$  and  $\tilde{Z}$  two fuzzy relations defined in the same product space. Union, respectively intersection of the fuzzy relations  $\tilde{R}$  and  $\tilde{Z}$  are defined:

$$\mu_{\tilde{R} \cup \tilde{Z}}(x, y) = \max\{\mu_{\tilde{R}}(x, y), \mu_{\tilde{Z}}(x, y)\}, \quad (x, y) \in X \times Y$$

$$\mu_{\tilde{R} \cap \tilde{Z}}(x, y) = \min\{\mu_{\tilde{R}}(x, y), \mu_{\tilde{Z}}(x, y)\}, \quad (x, y) \in X \times Y$$

# Composition of fuzzy relations

- ▶ Discrete fuzzy relations, described by matrixes, can be composed in a similar way with matrixes multiplication
- ▶ Like in the case of matrixes, in order to compose the fuzzy relations, their dimensions have to match
- ▶ The most used composition method is the  $\max - \min$  composition
- ▶ Given two fuzzy relations expressed in matrix form, after the *max-min* composition it results a new fuzzy relation (a matrix) whose elements are obtained by “multiplication” of the elements of the two relations
- ▶ “Multiplication” is made between a line from the first matrix and a column from the second matrix, but instead of  $+$  and  $\cdot$  we use  $\max$  and  $\min$
- ▶ There exists other composition methods than *max-min*, more precisely the *min* operation can be replaced by algebraic product, average, or other operations.
- ▶ Composition of fuzzy relations is important for understanding fuzzy inference.

# The max-min composition

## Definition

Given the fuzzy relations  $\tilde{R}_1(x, y) \subset X \times Y$  and  $\tilde{R}_2(y, z) \subset Y \times Z$ , their max-min composition,  $\tilde{R}_1 \text{ max-min } \tilde{R}_2$ , denoted  $\tilde{R}_1 \circ \tilde{R}_2$  is defined as the fuzzy set:

$$\tilde{R}_1 \circ \tilde{R}_2 = \{((x, z), \mu_{\tilde{R}_1 \circ \tilde{R}_2}(x, z)) \mid (x, z) \in X \times Z\}$$

, where

$$\mu_{\tilde{R}_1 \circ \tilde{R}_2}(x, z) = \max_y [\min(\mu_{\tilde{R}_1}(x, y), \mu_{\tilde{R}_2}(y, z))]$$

# The max-star composition

## Definition

Given the fuzzy relations  $\tilde{R}_1(x, y) \subset X \times Y$  and  $\tilde{R}_2(y, z) \subset Y \times Z$ , their max-star composition,  $\tilde{R}_1 \circledast \tilde{R}_2$  is defined as the fuzzy set:

$$\tilde{R}_1 \circledast \tilde{R}_2 = \{((x, z), \mu_{\tilde{R}_1 \circledast \tilde{R}_2}(x, z)) \mid (x, z) \in X \times Z\}$$

, where

$$\mu_{\tilde{R}_1 \circledast \tilde{R}_2}(x, z) = \max_y [(\mu_{\tilde{R}_1}(x, y) * \mu_{\tilde{R}_2}(y, z))]$$

If the operation  $*$  (*star*) is associative and monotonically nondecreasing in each argument, then the  $\max - *$  composition has similar properties with the  $\max - \min$  composition.

The most employed are the *max-prod* ( $\max - \cdot$ ) (when the operation  $*$  is the algebraic product, and *max-average*, when operation  $*$  is the arithmetic mean.

# Examples of compositions of discrete binary fuzzy relations

Let  $\tilde{R}_1(x, y)$  and  $\tilde{R}_2(y, z)$  discrete binary fuzzy relations defined by the following matrices:

$\tilde{R}_1$ :

	$y_1$	$y_2$	$y_3$	$y_4$	$y_5$
$x_1$	0.1	0.2	0	1	0.7
$x_2$	0.3	0.5	0	0.2	1
$x_3$	0.8	0	1	0.4	0.3

$\tilde{R}_2$ :

	$z_1$	$z_2$	$z_3$	$z_4$
$y_1$	0.9	0	0.3	0.4
$y_2$	0.2	0.1	0.8	0
$y_3$	0.8	0	0.7	1
$y_4$	0.4	0.2	0.3	0
$x_5$	0	1	0	0.8

# Examples of compositions of discrete binary fuzzy relations

The results of max-min, max-prod and max-average composition of the relations  $\tilde{R}_1(x, y)$  and  $\tilde{R}_2(y, z)$  are given by the following matrices:

$\tilde{R}_1 \text{ max} - \min \tilde{R}_2$

	$z_1$	$z_2$	$z_3$	$z_4$
$x_1$	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.7
$x_2$	0.3	1	0.5	0.8
$x_3$	0.8	0.3	0.7	1

$\tilde{R}_1 \text{ max} - \cdot \tilde{R}_2$

	$z_1$	$z_2$	$z_3$	$z_4$
$x_1$	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.56
$x_2$	0.27	1	0.4	0.8
$x_3$	0.8	0.3	0.7	1

# Examples of compositions of discrete binary fuzzy relations

$\tilde{R}_1$  max-average  $\tilde{R}_2$

	$z_1$	$z_2$	$z_3$	$z_4$
$x_1$	0.7	0.85	0.65	0.75
$x_2$	0.6	1	0.65	0.9
$x_3$	0.9	0.65	0.85	1



# References

[http://staff.cs.upt.ro/~todinca/cad/Lectures/cad\\_fuzzysets.pdf](http://staff.cs.upt.ro/~todinca/cad/Lectures/cad_fuzzysets.pdf)

[https://www.tutorialspoint.com/fuzzy\\_logic/fuzzy\\_logic\\_quick\\_guide.htm](https://www.tutorialspoint.com/fuzzy_logic/fuzzy_logic_quick_guide.htm)

**Thank you**